

Class- 4th

Date - 27/08/25

Revisional Assignment

Instructions :- 1. Do all the work in fair notebook day-wise .

2. Write in neat and clean handwriting.

English

Q.1 What warning did the principle give to Rahul?

Ans. The principal got very angry. He gave him the warning that if he did not perform well in term end examinations, he would be punished. (4 marks)

Q.2 Why did the artist laugh after the lady had left the studio?

(4 marks)

Ans. The artist laughed at the foolish behaviour of the lady because the artist had played a trick against her. The lady was not able to catch the trick of the artist and paid high price for the same portrait.

Q.3 What would have happened if Nan Kaka had not visited the hospital again on second day?

(4 marks)

Ans. If Nan Kaka had not visited the hospital again on the second day, Gavaskar would have grown up to be a fisherman because no-one would have observed that babies were mixed up.

Q.4 The lady was foolish. Justify the statement with the evidence from the story. (4 marks)

Ans. The lady was foolish because she could not find that the artist had played a trick against her by rubbing the portrait with the juicy piece of meat. He charged high price for the same portrait.

Hindi

प्रश्न 1. कहानी "फैलती चप्पलें" हमें क्या सिखाती है ? (अंक 2)

उत्तर: यह कहानी हमें सिखाती है कि हमें अपनी चीज़ों का ध्यान रखना चाहिए और छोटी-सी गलती से भी बड़ी परेशानी खड़ी हो सकती है।

2. हम बच्चों को अपनी वस्तुओं की संभाल क्यों करनी चाहिए ?

(अंक -2)

उत्तर: हमें अपनी वस्तुओं की संभाल करनी चाहिए क्योंकि यह आदत हमें जिम्मेदार बनाती है, अपव्यय रोकती है और अनुशासन का भाव पैदा करती है।

प्रश्न 3. हम अपने जीवन में "अनोखा ढंग" पाठ से कौन-से जीवन मूल्य अपना सकते हैं ?

(अंक -2)

उत्तर. 1. आपसी सहयोग और मित्रता की भावना बनाए रखना ।

2. समझदारी और धैर्य से काम लेना चाहिए ।

3. दूसरों की भावनाओं का आदर करना चाहिए ।

4. शरीर से अधिक बुद्धि की शक्ति पर भरोसा रखना चाहिए ।

प्रश्न 4. "अनोखा ढंग" इस कहानी से हमें क्या शिक्षा मिलती है ?

(अंक-2)

उत्तर. "अनोखा ढंग" कहानी से हमें शिक्षा मिलती है कि बुद्धि और समझदारी से किया गया कार्य हमेशा बल से बड़ा होता है। गांधी जी ने मनु को निडरता का पाठ पढ़ाया और हर कसौटी पर खरे उतरने की प्रेरणा दी ।

Punjabi

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ 1 ਬਾਲ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਆਖਦੇ ਹਨ ? ਨੰਨੇ ਮੁੰਨੇ ਬੱਚੇ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹੇ ਲੱਗਦੇ ਹਨ ?

(2)

ਉੱਤਰ-ਬਾਲ ਬੱਚਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਖਦੇ ਹਨ। ਨੰਨੇ ਮੁੰਨੇ ਬੱਚੇ ਪਿਆਰੇ ਲੱਗਦੇ ਹਨ।

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ 2 ਧਰਤੀ ਉੱਤੇ ਪਾਣੀ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਮੀਨ ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੈ ? (2)

ਉੱਤਰ--ਧਰਤੀ ਉੱਤੇ ਤਿੰਨ ਹਿੱਸੇ ਪਾਣੀ ਅਤੇ ਇੱਕ ਹਿੱਸਾ ਜ਼ਮੀਨ ਹੈ।

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ 3 ਯੱਗ ਕਿਸ ਨੇ ਕਰਵਾਇਆ ਸੀ ਤੇ ਯੱਗ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਸ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਬੁਲਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ?

(2)

ਉੱਤਰ -- ਮਲਿਕ ਭਾਗੋ ਨੇ ਯੱਗ ਕਰਵਾਇਆ ਸੀ ਸਾਰੇ ਸਾਧੂਆਂ ਸੰਤਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਨੂੰ ਬੁਲਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ।

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ 4 ਸਾਲ ਦੇ ਕਿਹੜੇ-ਕਿਹੜੇ ਮਹੀਨਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਤੀਹ ਦਿਨ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ?

(2)

ਉੱਤਰ--ਅਪ੍ਰੈਲ, ਜੂਨ, ਸਤੰਬਰ ਤੇ ਨਵੰਬਰ ਮਹੀਨਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਤੀਹ ਦਿਨ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

Maths

Q1 Convert into litres and millilitres: 76548 ml 2 marks

Sol: 1000ml = 1 L

(76000 + 548)ml

76 L 548 ml

Q2 Convert into litres and millilitres: 34780ml 2 marks

Q3 Write the period, place and Place value chart of the underlined digit: 7,31,969 3 marks

Sol: L Th H T O

7 3 1 9 6 9

Period: Thousand

Place : Thousand

Place Value: 30,000

Q4 Write the period, place and Place value chart of the underlined digit: 8,40,357 3 marks

Q5 Which one has more volume? A Cuboid of length 8cm, breadth 5cm and height 3cm or a cube of edge 5cm .5 marks

Sol Cuboid

Volume of Cuboid =

=

= 120 cubic cm

Cube

Volume of Cube =

=

= 125 cubic cm

Cube has more volume

Q6 Which one has more volume? A Cuboid of length 8cm, breadth 5cm and height 3cm or a cube of edge 5cm . 5 marks

Science

Q. 1.If a child eats food but does not chew it properly and swallows it quickly, what problems may happen in the process of digestion? Explain logically write five points.

(5)

Answer. 1. Chewing makes food soft and mixes it with saliva, so without chewing, the food remains hard.

2. Saliva contains a juice that begins digestion of starch; if not mixed, digestion slows down.

3. Large pieces of food are harder for the stomach to break down.

4. This may cause stomach pain or indigestion.

5. Proper chewing helps food move smoothly through the digestive system.-

Q2. Why do you think our body needs to break down food into very small parts instead of using food in the form we eat it? Any five points (5)

Answer. 1. Large pieces of food cannot directly enter our blood.

2. Digestion breaks food into nutrients like proteins, fats, and sugars.

3. Only small nutrients can pass into the blood and reach every body part.

4. This gives us energy to play, study, and grow.

5. Without breaking food into small parts, our body cannot use it properly.

Q.3. Plants are very important in our daily life as they give us many useful things. Can you explain the different uses of plants in three simple points? (3)

Answer 1. Plants give us food like fruits, vegetables, grains, and pulses.

2. Plants provide wood, cotton, jute, and medicines.

3. Plants make the air fresh and give us oxygen to breathe.

Q4. Fruits are considered very important for our health as they give us many nutrients. Why should we eat fruits every day? Give three reason. (3)

Answer. 1. They make our body strong.

2. They give us energy.

3. They protect us from diseases.

Q5. Some fruits are eaten raw while some are used to make juices, jams, and pickles. Why do people use fruits in different three ways? (3)

Answer 1. They are tasty in many forms.

2. They can be stored longer.
3. They give variety in food.

Social Science

Q1.Explain suspension bridge and cantilever bridge with examples.

(2marks)

Ans.Suspension bridge: It can cover a long distance. It is made of steel.

Cantilever bridge: They support the load through diagonal bracing. It often uses truss or tie up formations both below and above the bridge.

Q2.Describe the two essential features of an ideal home.

(2marks)

Ans.1.There should be proper arrangement for sunlight. Needless to say that sunlight brightens our home and keeps it germs free.

2.Windows and doors should face each other to allow free flow of fresh air. They also ensure the outlet of dirty air from the home

Q3.List two advantages of using modern materials in construction.

(2marks)

Ans.1.Modern building materials make the building strong and safe.

2.They cannot be damaged by strong winds.

Q4.Compare joint families and nuclear families.(3 marks)

Answer:

Joint Family:

1.A joint family has parents and their married children living together.

2.In a joint family, there is less interaction among the parents and the children.

3.Moral values and family rituals are automatically passed on to younger generation from the older members of the joint family.

4.If an earning member dies in a joint family, his children are supported by of the family. Thus, they don't feel loneliness.

Nuclear Family:

1.A nuclear family has a married couple and their unmarried children.

2.In a nuclear family, there is greater inter-action among the parents and the children.

3.In a nuclear family, the parents have to provide all support, companionship and advice to the children.

4.In case of death of an earning member in a nuclear family, his dependents have to manage everything themselves.